



A short comparison

Stefán Halldórsson







A very quick comparison!

- All three countries have three pillar systems
- Pillar 3 Private pension savings with tax-benefits is similar
- Pillar 2 Collective pension funds with tax benefits is mostly similar
- Pillar 1 Social Security pensions is quite different, mainly due to differences in income-testing and the interplay with Pillar 2
- The following slides will therefore focus on Pillars 1 and 2



More detailed comparison follows

- Broad strokes in descriptions, based on fully-retired persons (no longer working)
- Every system has some exceptions and special rules for adjustments, which are left out of this comparison
- No comparison made of pension amounts as they differ due to the interplay between Pillar 1 and the other pillars

First, Pillar 1







Pillar 1 comparison: Main principle

DENMARK **=**

Everybody gets pension from pillar 1, but income- and meanstesting is applied

ICELAND

Most get pension from pillar 1, but some get nothing due to stringent income testing

The NETHERLANDS =



Everybody gets pension from pillar 1, no incomeor means-testing



Pillar 1 comparison: Qualifying period

DENMARK ==	ICELAND #	The NETHERLANDS =
40 years resident from 15 to pension age	40 years resident from 16 to 67	50 years insured until pension age
Minimum 3 years	Minimum 3 years	Minimum 1 year



Pillar 1 comparison: Financing

DENMARK ===	ICELAND 🏪	The NETHERLANDS =
Taxes	Taxes	Contributions from
plus contributions to ATP		everyone with taxable
		income (cap on amount)
		plus taxes



Pillar 1 comparison: Pension age

DENMARK ==



2022: **67** years

Increasing in steps to 69 years in 2035 (estimated)

(linked to developments in lifeexpectancy at age 60. It is adjusted every 5 years).

ICELAND ==

2022: **67** years

No increase rule

The NETHERLANDS =



2022: **66 years and 7**

months

2024: 67 years

2025: linked to the remaining life

expectancy and will rise by 8

months for every year of increasing

life expectancy.



DENMARK **==**

Early: 3 years

Deferred: 10 years

 $(64 < -67 \rightarrow 77)$

ICELAND #

Early: 2 years

Deferred: 13 years

 $(65 < -67 \rightarrow 80)$

The NETHERLANDS =

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No flexibility – everybody gets pension

at retirement age



Pillar 1 comparison: Pension components

DENMARK ===



Basic (Folkepension)

only tested for work income

Additional (Pensionstillæg)

tested for all income

Elderly check (Ældrechecken)

Tested for income and liquid assets

ATP (Arbejdsmarkedets Tillægspension) (mainly flat)

Based on mandatory contributions from work income (mainly flat)

ICELAND #



Old-age pension

(Ellilífeyrir)

tested for all income with different exemptions by income type

The NETHERLANDS —



Old-age pension (flat)

(AOW – Algemene Ouderdomswet) No income- or means-testing

Now to pillar 2







Pillar 2 comparison: Pension fund types

DENMARK ==

DC only from 1989

(old DB-schemes run until expiry)

ICELAND #

DC only from 1997

(old DB-schemes run until expiry)

The NETHERLANDS =

Moving to DC only from 2027

(Mainly DB until now)



Pillar 2 comparison: Membership

DENMARK ==

Quasi-mandatory

based on union wage agreements
Self-employed exempt

ICELAND #

Mandatory

for all receiving income from work (including self-employed)

The NETHERLANDS =

Quasi-mandatory

based on union wage agreements
Self-employed exempt



Pillar 2 comparison: Taxation

DENMARK ===	ICELAND #	The NETHERLANDS
Contributions are tax- excempt (percentage maximum, no cap on amount)	Contributions are tax- excempt (percentage maximum, no cap on amount)	Contributions are tax- excempt (percentage maximum, cap on amount)
Pension fund returns are taxed	Pension funds are tax exempt	Pension funds are tax exempt
Pensions are taxed at general rates	Pensions are taxed at general rates	Pensions are taxed at general rates



Pillar 2 comparison: Other insurance

DENMARK **==**

Disability and survivor benefits

ICELAND #

Disability and survivor benefits

The NETHERLANDS =

Survivor benefits

(disability is covered by a separate fund)



Pillar 2 comparison: Payout rules

DENMARK **=**

Mainly life-long annuity Life-long annuity

Some schemes allow front-loading or lump-sums

ICELAND #

The NETHERLANDS = Life-long annuity

THE ICELANDIC PENSION FUNDS ASSOCIATION

